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TERMS OF THE DAILY:
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1st Mail, per year, in advance, \$1.00
2nd Mail, per year, in advance, \$1.00
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The Intelligencer.

O. C. IRON AND NAIL WORKS.—Mr. C. A. BURROWS, the Secretary of the Ohio City Iron and Nail Works, at Martin's Ferry, has our thanks for a copy of the prospectus of the company, accompanied by a map showing the location of the works and the mineral lands attached to them. These works are located just above Martin's Ferry on a site containing 21 acres of land donated by WM. CLARK, Esq., who is president of the company. They are now approaching completion and it is expected will be ready for the manufacture of iron and nails early in January. They will consist for the present of 12 puddling furnaces, two heating furnaces and the necessary engines, trains of muck rollers, squeezers, shears, nail plate rolls and other machinery, to furnish iron in proper form and quality, for 40 to 50 nail machines.

Attached to the site are 100 acres of hill lands, underlaid with coal and containing limestone and fire clay. The works are conveniently situated for shipment by river and rail. They are in all respects advantageously located; the structure is of a superior character; the organization is in good hands; and there seems no reason to doubt that the enterprise will be a paying one from the start. We learn from this prospectus that in order to avail themselves of the present favorable condition of the iron market and to purchase pig metal at the present low prices, anticipating the wants of the works, the directors are desirous of placing \$50,000 of their stock, and to that end invite capitalists to make personal visits and examination of the works and surroundings.

THE ELECTIONS NEXT WEEK.—Elections will be held next Tuesday, 14th, in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Iowa. In Pennsylvania the State officers to be chosen are a State Treasurer and Judge of the Supreme Court. In Ohio and Iowa, Governors are to be elected. The respective Republican majorities in the three States at the last State elections were Pennsylvania, 35,627; Ohio, 14,159; and Iowa, 57,862. These are the majorities for the leading officers on the State ticket voted for in 1873, that of Pennsylvania being Governor, and in Ohio and Iowa, Secretary of State. In each State last year the majorities for President GRANT were larger, being 137,748 in Pennsylvania; 37,581 in Ohio; and 60,570 in Iowa. The Democrats and Patrons of Husbandry in Iowa have this year coalesced in the support of a candidate for Governor.

WANTED.—A SELF-SACRIFICING PATRIOT.—Unless somebody offers himself soon for the seat in the House of Delegates made vacant by the resignation of Dr. HULLIHEN, we shall be forced to seek in the West Virginia Legislature one not to enslave the imagination of the average patriot as much as it used to do when the State was under Republican domination—and it wasn't a very entrancing thing even then.

THE ACT OF CONGRESS for the protection of food animals went into operation on the 1st instant. It provides that all swine and stock transported over railroads and by water, where there are not sufficient accommodations for rest and feeding, shall in every twenty-eight hours be stopped, rested and fed for five hours. There is a penalty of from one to five hundred dollars for violation of the act.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION ELECTION.—At a meeting of the Wheeling Library Association last evening, the following officers and directors for the ensuing year were chosen:
President.—A. J. Clark.
Vice President.—W. O. Brockmeyer.
Treasurer.—G. Lamb.
Secretary.—Thos. M. Darrah.
Directors.—O. W. Heiskell, Dr. H. J. Weisel, Wm. P. Little, O. S. Long, L. M. McNeely, Mason, W. Burt, Robert Simpson, A. W. Campbell, and Wm. P. Hubbard.

Deserved compliments were paid to the retiring President, Mr. Michael Reilly, and to the accomplished Librarian, Mrs. Stephens, by the adoption of the following resolutions.
Resolved, That we hereby tender him our thanks for his promptness in attending to our requests, for his ability in his discharge of the duties of his office and for the prosperity of the Association under his management.
Offered by Dr. Todd.
Resolved, That the thanks of the Association are hereby tendered the Librarian, Mrs. Mary G. Stephens, for the efficient manner in which she has discharged her duties.
It is estimated that about \$13,000,000 in greenbacks are stored in the vaults of the New York savings banks, which were obtained to provide against any emergency. When it became certain that no further pressing demands will be made upon the bank this sum will be distributed through different channels, and help to ease the general money market.

PRIVATE enterprise has stocked the Sequahanna river in the neighborhood of Harrisburg and Danbury with black bass from the Potomac. About 200 of the fish were put in the river in 1869, and since that time they have increased in number that they are caught in great quantities by amateur fishermen. The average weight of the fish now caught is from one to four pounds.
Dogs follow at our heels and cats purr at our feet as devotedly if our habitation be a cabin as if it were a palace. So it is with all who love us for what we are.—Dahill.

VOL. XXII.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

Exclusively to the Intelligencer.

(By the Western Union Line.
Office Northwest cor. of Main and Monroe sts.)

The Balloon Off for Europe.
New York, Oct. 6.—Prof. W. H. Donaldson made a balloon ascent this morning from the Capitoline Grounds, Brooklyn. A dispatch from Bethel, Conn., says at 11 o'clock the balloon was rapidly moving seaward.

New York, Oct. 6.—Prof. Donaldson's companions in his balloon voyage to Europe are George Washington Lunt and Alfred Ford.
LATER.—The Balloon Comes Down.
New York, Oct. 6.—The balloon, after a flight of about 100 miles, reached Canada, about 8 miles distant, in the northeastern corner of the State, at 12:35 P. M., where it was caught in a violent storm. For a few minutes before that time it had been near the earth. Donaldson and Ford jumped out. Lunt was caught in some trees, but finally succeeded in reaching the ground unhurt. The balloon escaped and had not been captured at last account.

Weather Report.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—5:30 P. M.

PROBABILITY.
The cyclone in the Southern States will probably diminish in extent and severity as it moves northeastward toward the south Atlantic coast.

For Thursday throughout the Gulf States cold northerly winds with clear weather.

For the South Atlantic States, cold northwesterly winds, with cloudy and clearing weather.

For the Middle States, fresh and possibly brisk northwesterly winds, partially cloudy and clearing weather.

For the Upper Lakes and Ohio Valley, northwesterly winds and clear weather.

For the Upper Lakes and Northwest, south and west winds and clear weather. Cautionary signs will continue at New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston and Cape May, and are ordered for Wilmington, Norfolk, New Haven and New London.

YELLOW FEVER.

The Genuine Article at Calvert Texas.
NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—A *Plaque* special from Houston says a committee of Galveston and Houston physicians has just returned from Calvert and reports that there is genuine yellow fever. There are forty-two cases reported in all.

INTERMENTS AT SHREVEPORT.
SHREVEPORT, Oct. 6.—The following were the Yellow Fever interments to-day:
Fred Geo. Grey, white, no age; Mary Erman, white, 12; Leopold Nite, no age; John Mundy, Jr., 4; Ada Prescott, 11; Mrs. S. J. Chellie, 48; C. D. Wurman, 40; Chas. Hugh Wall, 2; Lucy Vinson, 5; Jas. Vinson, 45; Moritz Levy, 40; Keonig Bew, 24; (Chinaman); Sandy Brooks, black, 24; Mack Washington, 4; Charlotte Bradford, 15; Spencer Malett, 3 months.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

The Proposed Amendment to the Constitution to Change the method of Determining the President.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Some time ago the War Department invited the postal authorities of England and Germany to open negotiations with this country for the interchange of postal cards on the basis of the two-cent rate. England declined the proposition, but negotiations are now in progress with Germany. There is every probability that they will be brought to a successful issue by the first of next December. A draft of an additional postal convention for this purpose is now being prepared by the Superintendent of Foreign Mails, and will be forwarded in a few days for the signatures of the German authorities.

LOUISVILLE.

Generous Subscription for the Memphis Sufferers.
LOUISVILLE, Oct. 6.—The Board of Trade has worked up a subscription for Memphis and Shreveport in forty-eight hours amounting to \$5,000. Another large meeting was held to-day, and committees appointed to canvass the whole city. The proceeds of the Exposition are to be given to the Relief Funds, and the proceeds of Vandeville Theatre to the same, Wednesday night. The churches contributed \$15,000 or \$15,000 at once. The ladies are working energetically this morning, and have appointed a committee to canvass the city. The Masons passed \$1,000 to-night.

PITTSBURGH.

Explosion in a Pipe Foundry and Fire.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 6.—An explosion occurred in the National Pipe Foundry of Wm. Smith & Sons, on 33d street, this afternoon. A large pipe for the new water works was being cast, when by some means the water came in contact with the hot iron, causing an explosion. Three workmen, who were near, were seriously but not dangerously burned. The fire spread to an adjoining building, which, with the foundry, was consumed. The loss is estimated at \$10,000. Fully insured.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

NEW YORK CITY.

Visit from a New Jersey Regiment.—The Colonel Looked Up for Debt.

New York, Oct. 6.—The Third Regiment National Guard, State of New Jersey, Col. J. Madison Drake, visited this city to-day and were received by the delegates from foreign lands were each to receive from the American Bible Society a copy of the Holy Bible in English with a specimen of the interest felt by that Society in every effort to counteract the influence of infidelity and superstition. The delegates were also informed that the American Institute fair was free to them, and that on Wednesday next carriages would be at their service for a visit to Greenwood Cemetery.

Dr. Tiffany, President, had deferred a much desired visit to his old companions in arms of the army of Tennessee to await the arrival of delegates; an announcement which was received with great applause.

Papers on the best methods of the construction of modern infidelity were read by Prof. Stanley Leathby of King's College, London, and Prof. Theodore Cristlieb, of Boston. The latter cautioned against exaggerated ideas of the inspection of the books of scripture, inasmuch as no prophet or apostle had ever stated that canonical books were to be treated with reverence and criticism, and if isolated discrepancies are found, let him alone.

A paper prepared by Rev. Dr. Cairns, of London, was handed in for publication. President Warren, of Boston University, was the closing address on American Infidelity.

The Theological Section took the usual recess.

The Philosophical Section met in St. Paul's Church, Rev. Dr. Foss presiding. Dr. McCosh made an address on the religious aspect of the doctrine of development, and was followed by Dr. Weidon, London, Dr. Brown, of the Cape of Good Hope, Dr. Hodges, of Princeton, and Dr. Dawson, of Montreal. The last named devoted himself chiefly to a confutation of the Darwinian Theory of Development. Invitations similar to those given by the Theological Section, and a recess taken.

The Conference reassembled in Association Hall at 2 P. M. The hymn, "Jesus shall reign where'er the sun," having been sung, an address on "Faith and Reason," by Rev. Dr. Washburn, of New York, was followed by a paper on "Faith and Reason," by Rev. Dr. Washburn, of New York, who spoke of the religious aspect of the doctrine of development, and was followed by Dr. Weidon, London, Dr. Brown, of the Cape of Good Hope, Dr. Hodges, of Princeton, and Dr. Dawson, of Montreal. The last named devoted himself chiefly to a confutation of the Darwinian Theory of Development. Invitations similar to those given by the Theological Section, and a recess taken.

The Congress then sang the 34th and 4th stanzas of "Rock of Ages."

Rev. Dr. Paul Zimmerman, of Leipzig, spoke on the controversy between faith and reason.

A paper prepared by Prof. J. J. Von Oken, of the University of Utrecht, Holland, was read by Rev. Dr. Cohen Stewart, of Rotterdam.

The Dialectology was then sung and after the benediction Conference adjourned.

The Philosophical section of the Alliance reassembled at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Prof. Dr. Arthur de Goyet, LL.D. spoke on the subject of Geology and the Bible, and throughout his discourse reasoned to show that the discoveries of Geology and the Bible were not antagonistic. Speaking about the creation of the world Prof. Goyet makes the 24 hour day begin with placing the sun to divide day and night, for signs and seasons, for days and for years. Hence the seventh day is of 24 hours. Principal Dawson, of Montreal, said that the whole seven days were indefinite, but began, man fell and was ordered to observe and keep holy the seventh day as a type of the rest, which he had lost. The Lord's day first is the type of the rest, which the Lord introduces. Prof. Goyet makes the first three days so-called of the creation indefinitely long periods. The day of 24 hours length began with the placing of light to divide the day and night, for signs and seasons, for days and for years—Genesis 1, 14. Hence the Sabbath day is of 24 hours.

The next paper was "Christianity and Humanity," by Dr. J. Williamson Nevins, of Lancaster, Pa.

Prof. Edmund Spiels, of the University of Jena, spoke on "Theology and Physiology." He dilated at some length on the different races and religions and their relations to each other. He ended by hoping that the whole world would at some future day become united in their religion.

A gentleman in one of the aisles of the church then arose and proposed the following question to Principal Dawson: "Is there a necessary antagonism between the Darwinian theory and the Christian church?"

Upon rising, Principal Dawson said "that it was rather a hard question, and it would be better to prepare to read for the night." He said, however, that he would do his best. The Darwinian theory system is as follows: "That all forms of vegetable and animal matter are the result of an undiscovered force." Darwin reasons as to the possibility of the development of species, but does not produce the facts. There may be a modified variety of truth in the Darwinian system as to the various varieties of races, but that man was produced from an ape does not at all accord with scriptural revelations.

A missionary from China, Dr. Altkens, spoke for some time on the similarity of some portions of the religion of barbarian nations, especially those of China, to the forms of the Catholic church.

Another speaker spoke enthusiastically in opposition to the Darwinian system. The President then announced that the time allotted for the afternoon session had expired, and the 9th hymn was sung, which the benediction was pronounced.

There will be no meeting of the Conference to-night in St. Paul's church, but it will be resumed in Association Hall, where the proceedings will be entirely conducted in the French language.

The meeting of the Alliance Association Hall, to-night, was very thinly attended. M. Boret, of Paris, presided. Rev. Dr. Schaff, welcome the French delegates in the hall of the American branch of the Alliance, closing with the plea that France will soon exhibit the blessing of general education and morality.

Prof. Charles Reichenow, after which speeches were made by M. M. De Coppet, Lillieux, Fisch, Biegener, and Rodieu. M. De Coppet declared that Catholicism was the great enemy of France, and preaching of pure scriptures was the hope for that nation.

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ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Fair.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—The 13th Annual Fair of the St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association opened to-day, and notwithstanding the financial panic, promises to be a success. It is an exhibition in almost all departments is larger and finer than last year. The display of cattle and horses will exceed in number and quality any preceding one since the war. Nearly every Western State is represented, and many fast horses and the best herds of cattle in the country are here.

There are fifteen acres of agricultural implements on exhibition, embracing all standard machines, and all new inventions. The machinery department is fuller and finer than for many years, and the splendid appearance in all the machinery in motion, driven by a powerful engine in the rear of the building of the mechanical department is magnificent, with a display of almost an endless variety of manufactured articles.

Fine Art Hall is well filled with meritorious pictures. The textile department is full and good. The exhibition of agricultural products, fruits, etc., is fine, and in fact the entire Exposition far exceeds in interest and interest the previous displays. About 10,000 people are present, which is a large number for the first day, and besides there were more than 20,000 public and private school children on the grounds by special invitation of the Fair Association, who enjoyed themselves as only children can. Thus far the selling and buying of stock and in fact everything on exhibition attracts great attention. Many animals and a large number of different articles will change hands during the week.

E. H. Singleton, who has had charge of the Signal Service in this city for the past three years, is assigned to duty at Cincinnati, and will leave for that city this week. William O. Bailey takes Mr. Singleton's place here.

MORE ABOUT THE AFFAIRS OF THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

St. Louis, Oct. 6.—Wm. Selby, State Superintendent of Insurance to-day filed a petition in the Circuit Court, asking for an injunction to restrain the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company from transacting further business, especially from issuing new policies, releasing any of its risks, or paying out any money whatever. The petition further asks for the appointment of a receiver, and for the dissolution of the company, and winding up its affairs. Mr. Selby's petition is based upon the fact, as he alleges, that the examination of the affairs of the company ordered by him, discloses the fact that the liabilities of the company exceed its assets by \$904,955, exclusive of the \$100,000 capital stock. Mr. Selby also asserts that the list of policies issued him, and upon which the above liabilities are based, was not a list of all the policies issued by the company, but that a large number of policies have been wrongfully cancelled and erased from the books, and all liability of the company transferred to other companies, thereby making the liabilities less than they actually are. An injunction was granted returnable the 11th of October and notice served on the company.

CHICAGO.

Subscription in Aid of the Memphis Sufferers.

CHICAGO, October 6.—Subscriptions to the Board of Trade Fund for the Memphis sufferers continue to be made, and another remittance will be made by the Committee to-day.

The Odd Fellows and members of St. Andrew's Society are also contributing liberally. Collections were taken from the churches yesterday, the total amount of which has not yet been ascertained, but will be forwarded to-day.

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Chicago & Atlantic Railway Company was held in this city this morning, and upon receiving the reports of the Treasurer and the President of the construction company, it was resolved to continue the work and have the first twenty-five miles ready for the iron by November 1st.

SHOONER DRIVEN ASHORE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—This morning the schooner Truman, of Massachusetts, was driven ashore near the foot of 21st street. The crew were all saved. The vessel, which was loaded with lumber, lay beached on her port side, and was hauled off. There is another schooner reported in distress just outside the harbor and the tugs have gone to her relief. A strong northeast gale prevailed during the night and the sea is still heavy, but the tugs are moving out to bring in the vessels outside the harbor.

DAYTON.

Failure of a Private Banker.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 6.—Some gossip was excited but no excitement created to-day by the suspension of Reuben Harsham and John G. Gorman's Central Bank, a private institution. There had been no run upon them, but a steady drain for three weeks, which embarrassed them, and they suspended until the resumption in New York, Cincinnati, etc., and an easy money market, so they can convert their assets into currency. They are considered amply able in securities and marketable real estate to pay out and resume when the stringency of the money market is relieved. The other banks continue as usual paying promptly and manifesting confidence in their ability to go through the general crisis safely. Business continues about as usual and the manufacturers are in full blast.

KILLED BY A RAILWAY TRAIN.

Michael Schaeffer, a collar maker and well known citizen, was killed this evening by the Erie street crossing by the Dayton & Michigan train. His body was frightfully mangled. The accident was the result of the victim's inattention. The weather is decidedly cold and blustering.

CONNECTICUT.

THE ELECTION ON THE CAPITAL AMENDMENT.

HARTFORD, Oct. 6.—At 8 o'clock this evening the Post had returns from 14 towns on the capital amendment, as follows: "Yes" 20,727, "No," 10,984. Hartford and New Haven not included in this count.

HARTFORD TO BE THE SOLE CAPITAL.

HARTFORD, Oct. 6.—The State voted to make Hartford the sole capital by a majority of from two to three thousand.

It is believed at Berlin that General Mantel will replace Count Von Arnim as the German Ambassador to France.

FOREIGN.

PARIS.

Paris, Oct. 6.—The Paris Journal, a monarchist newspaper, says a proposal for the restoration of a monarchy on the basis of the charter of 1814, in a modified form, will be presented in the Assembly on the opening day of the session.

MONARCHICAL CABINET AGHRED ON.

PARIS, October 6.—At a meeting of the Deputies of the Right, to-day, the following Cabinet was decided upon, in the event of the change of government at the opening of the Assembly: Duc De Cases, Minister of Foreign Affairs; M. Bocher, Minister of Interior; M. De Chesnelong, Minister of Finance; M. De Peyre, Minister of Justice; M. Grivart, Minister of Public Works; M. Du Peyron; Minister of Commerce; M. Des Girardin, Minister of Public Instruction; the Marquis De Montaigne, Minister of Marine; Gen. Changarnier, Minister of War.

THE TRIAL OF MARSHAL BAZAINE.

VERSAILLES, Oct. 6.—The trial of Marshal Bazaine by court martial opened at noon to-day in the Palace of Trianon. The witnesses present were: Marshal (Annoy) the Marshal, and General Bugey, of Bourbaki and Changarnier. (When the formalities attending the opening of the court had been completed, a brief recess was taken, after which, by order of the President, a statement of the public services of Marshal Bazaine was read. It comprised a history of his military career from the beginning and recounted the distinctions which have been conferred upon him and the wounds he had received. The report of the Committee of Inquiry on the capitulation of Metz was next presented and read. This was followed by the reading of the indictment, to which the Marshal listened attentively, but without emotion. M. Rivier then submitted his report; it reviewed the plans of the campaign, prepared by the defendant, and gives a sketch of the battle of Forbach, in which great stress is laid on Bazaine's responsibility for the result, because he neglected to go to General Frossard's assistance. In regard to Bazaine's conduct at Metz, M. Rivier takes the ground that the Marshal was at no time really desirous of leaving the place. After hearing Rivier's report, the court adjourned until to-morrow.

THE BAZAINE COURT MARTIAL.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—The court martial before which Marshal Bazaine is now being tried sits in the audience chamber of the grand Tribunal at Versailles. The court at the opening to-day was remarkable. Nearly all the witnesses who had been summoned were present; and the court room was filled with the most distinguished of France. Besides those previously reported M. Tave and Regnier were in attendance. The casting of the votes as witnesses caused a sensation.

Marshal Bazaine appeared in full uniform, as Marshal of France, with a ribbon and grand cross of the legion of honor on his breast. He took his seat in an arm chair by the side of his counsel and was courteously addressed by the second clerk of the court, "Monsieur Le Marechal" throughout the proceedings. The defense is conducted by Mm. Lach and Son, eminent advocates, and Col. Villette.

The attendance of spectators was at no time completely completed. It is expected that the next ten days will be devoted to the reading of the papers connected with the indictment. M. Gambetta, Schneider, Rouher, and Gen. L'Amiral were also present as witnesses.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—The Carlists are fast losing ground in the northern provinces. They are utterly demoralized, and the men accuse their leaders of treason. General Moriones, commander of the Republican troops, is energetically advancing against the Carlists.

The siege of Cartagena is proceeding actively, the firing being very sharp on both sides. Many of the Insurrectionists are daily surrendering to the Republican forces.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—The Insurgents from Madrid were seen off Aguilas, to-day, and appeared to be heading for Cartagena.

BAYONNE, Oct. 6.—Gen. Sabala joined Don Alphonse yesterday. He was received with cheers by the Carlists.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—A. M.—Sir George Rawlinson, in a speech at Birmingham last night, expressed the hope that England would send vessels to complete the investigation of the Polish expedition.

The Duc D'Aumale to-day positively said it was certain that if the Duc D'Aumale would be condemned to death by the court martial and then pardoned.

MEMPHIS.

Relief Appropriated by the County Court.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 6.—The County Court to-day appropriated \$5,000 for the relief of the city.

At a meeting of the City Council Mayor Johnson nominated the following gentlemen as a Board of Health: Dr. John H. Brinkne, President; Col. L. W. O'Bannon, Inspector; and Dr. R. J. Freeman, Secretary. The nominations were made unanimously by the Council, and the new Board enters upon its duties to-day.

YESTERDAY'S MORTALITY.

MEMPHIS, October 6.—Fifty-four interments to-day, thirty-seven from yellow fever.

THE GERMAN SOCIETIES APPEALING FOR HELP.

All the German societies organized a relief society to-night, and appeal to the Germans and German societies, everywhere, for money for the sick and destitute, to